The Truth of Crowds? On Using Crowdsourcing Against Misinformation

Stefano Mizzaro

ROMCIR@ECIR, Lucca, 10/4/2025





Ack

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 "MoT – The Measure of Truth: An Evaluation-Centered Machine-Human Hybrid Framework for Assessing Information
 Truthfulness" - Codice n. 20227F2ZN3 CUP n. G53D23002800006

 "Finanziato dall'Unione Europea – Next-Generation EU – PNRR M4 C2 I1.1" RS Mizzaro



Aims

- To tell the story of our fight against misinformation
- Mainly using crowdsourcing
- \blacksquare 7 8 years
 - Of course, many things to talk about
 - Overall story
 - "Last results" (does it work?)
 - Fine grained scales + Magnitude estimation

The gang

- Isabelle Augenstein
- Francesco Bombassei De Bona
- Davide Ceolin
- Alessandro Checco
- Vincenzo Della Mea
- Gianluca Demartini
- Massimiliano De Luise
- Tim Draws
- Shaoyang Fan
- David La Barbera
- Joel Mackenzie

- Eddy Maddalena
- Beatrice Portelli
- Yunke Qu
- Kevin Roitero
- Giuseppe Serra
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- Dustin Wright
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Many people, many papers

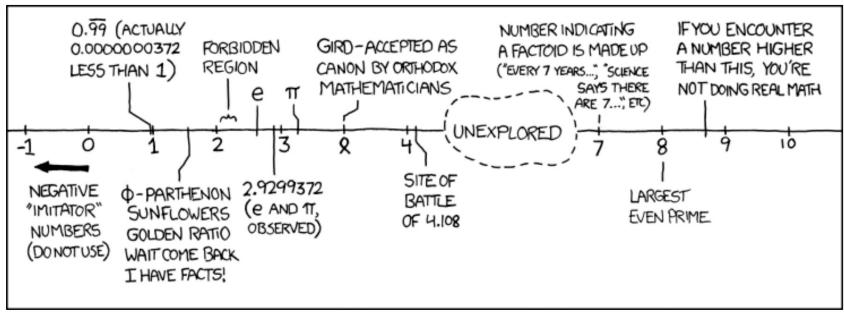
- The gang has been working!
- 7-8 years, 22 people \rightarrow 26 papers
 - (at least)
- I've been thinking how to present them
 - Even with this three-hours-talk (ECIR standards, right?) I need to leave something out
 - Of course I don't remember most of them

So, where to start?

- Djoerd Hiemstra to the rescue!
- Conversation after some Spritz yesterday evening:
 - Djoerd: "What are you talking about tomorrow?"
 - Stefano: "You know, misinformation, bla bla fake news bla bla bla..."
 - D.: "Will you spread some fake news?"
 - S.: "That's a great idea!"

"Fake news"

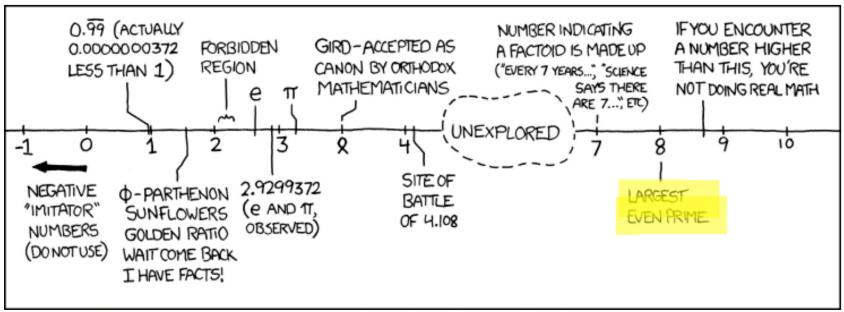
Number Line



Title text: The Wikipedia page List of Numbers opens with "This list is incomplete; you can help by expanding it."

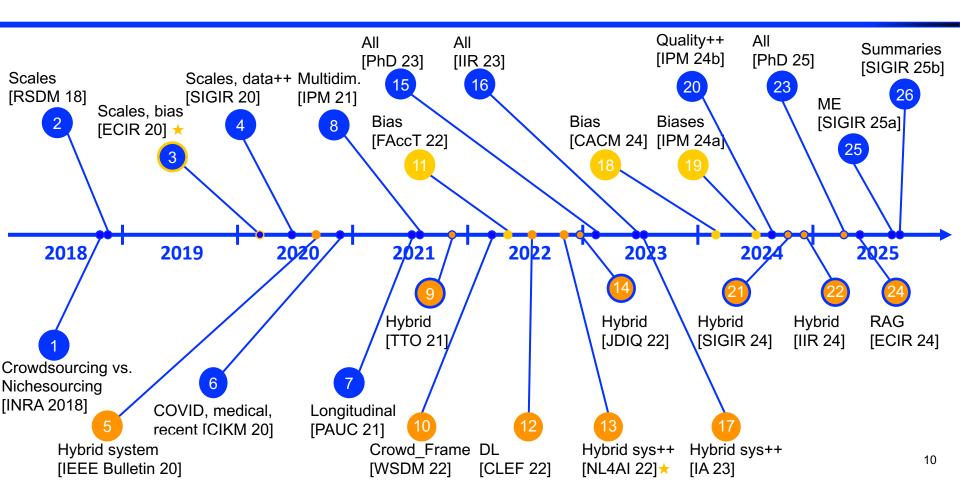
"Fake news"

Number Line



Title text: The Wikipedia page List of Numbers opens with "This list is incomplete; you can help by expanding it."

Timeline



Outline

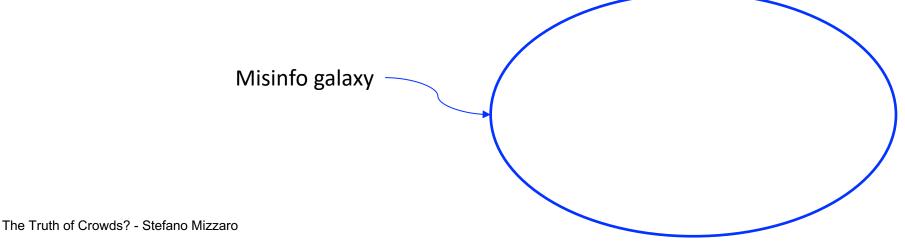
- ✓ Stupid jokes
- Background
 - Scenario: Misinformation, Fact-checking, Truthfulness assessment
 - Crowdsourcing
- The story aka Our approach
 - Experiments, Screenshots, Datasets, Results, ...
 - Repeat
- More technical
 - Scales, Classification, Ranking, Ordinal classification, even Magnitude Estimation

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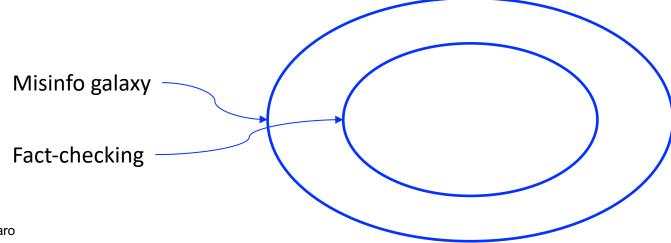
Misinformation

- Misinformation & Disinformation are spreading
- Need for researchers and society to find countermeasures



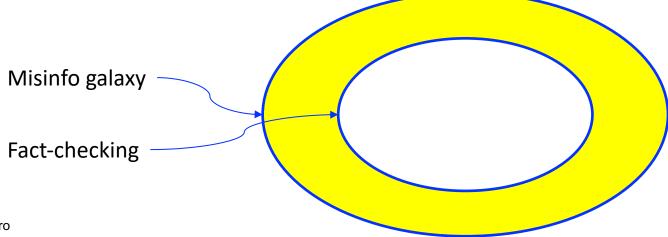
Fact-checking

- The process aimed at determining if a claim/info/news/etc. is true or not
- Rather complex process
 - Experts, follow a protocol, seek evidence, discuss, reach a verdict



Beyond Fact-checking

- Of course there's much more
 - E.g., how the fake news spread when compared to the true ones?
 - Echo chambers
 - Filter bubbles
 - Etc.



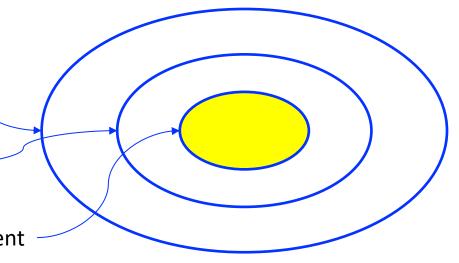
Truthfulness assessment

- We focus on "Is this true or not?"
- And on how to answer that question
- Usually done by experts
- A lot of research on using Al



Misinfo galaxy

Fact-checking



Crowdsourcing?

Crowdsourcing

文A 45 languages ~

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View history Tools ∨

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

"Crowd work" redirects here. For the performing arts term, see audience participation.



This article is written like a personal reflection, personal essay, or argumentative essay that states a Wikipedia editor's personal feelings or presents an original argument about a topic. Please help improve it by rewriting it in an encyclopedic style. (September 2022) (Learn how and when to remove this message)

Crowdsourcing involves a large group of dispersed participants contributing or producing goods or services—including ideas, votes, micro-tasks, and finances—for payment or as volunteers. Contemporary crowdsourcing often involves digital platforms to attract and divide work between participants to achieve a cumulative result. Crowdsourcing is not limited to online activity, however, and there are various historical examples of crowdsourcing. The word crowdsourcing is a portmanteau of "crowd" and "outsourcing". [1][2][3] In contrast to outsourcing, crowdsourcing usually involves less specific and more public groups of participants. [4][5][6]



Crowdsourcing – Definition

- "taking a task traditionally performed by an employee or contractor, and outsourcing it to an undefined, generally large group of people or community in the form of an open call"
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crowdsourcing]

Crowdsourcing – Definition

- "The practice of obtaining needed services, ideas, or content by soliciting contributions from a large group of people and especially from the online community rather than from traditional employees or suppliers"
- [Merriam-Webster]

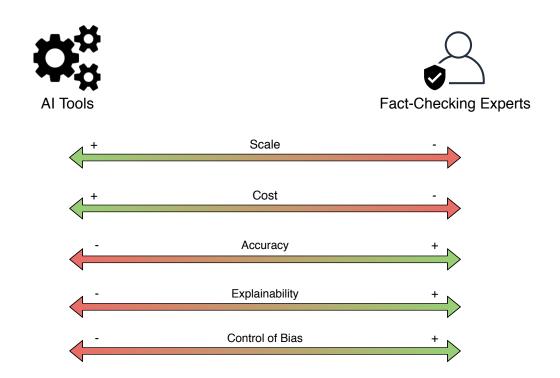
Crowdsourcing – Definition

- "Simply defined, crowdsourcing represents the act of a company or institution taking a function once performed by employees and outsourcing it to an undefined (and generally large) network of people in the form of an open call. This can take the form of peer-production (when the job is performed collaboratively), but is also open undertaken by sole individuals. The crucial prerequisite is the use of the open call format and the large network of potential laborers."
- [Howe, 2006]

Motivation / Justification

- So, we propose to crowdsource truthfulness assessment
- Does it make sense, and why?
 - In principle

Al vs. Experts



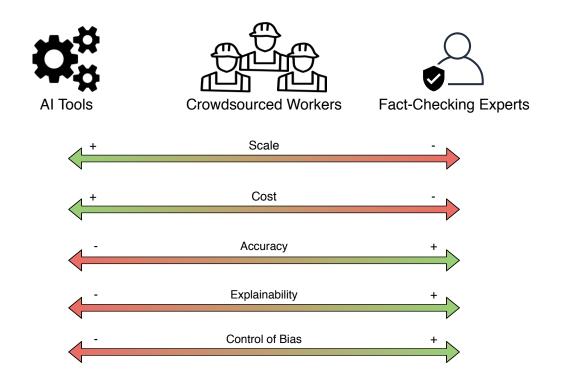
AI + Experts

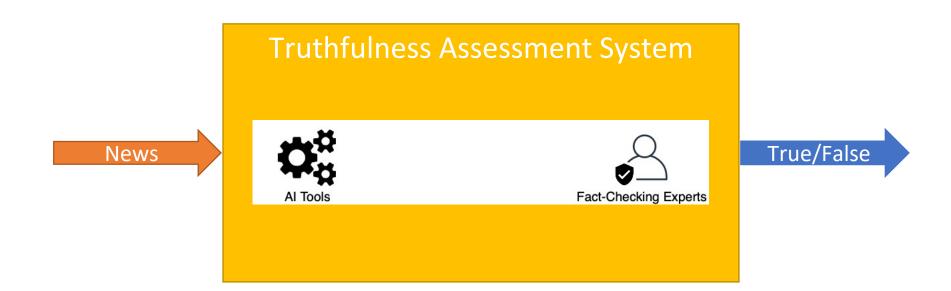
- Stage 1: Al
 - Output: Truthfulness value + Confidence
 - (+ more: explanations...)
- Stage 2 (if low Confidence): Experts
 - Output: Truthfulness value + Confidence
 - (+ more: explanations, motivations, ...)

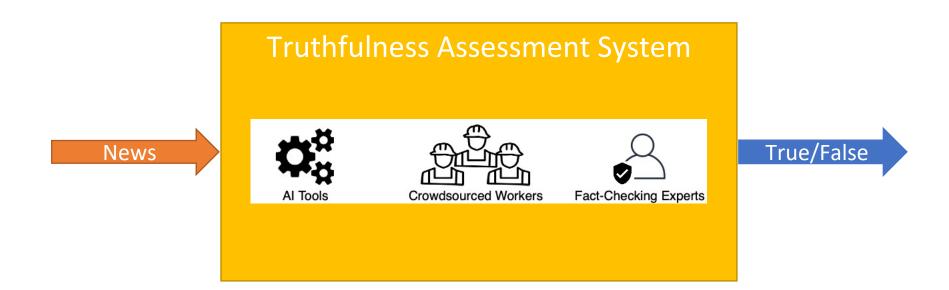


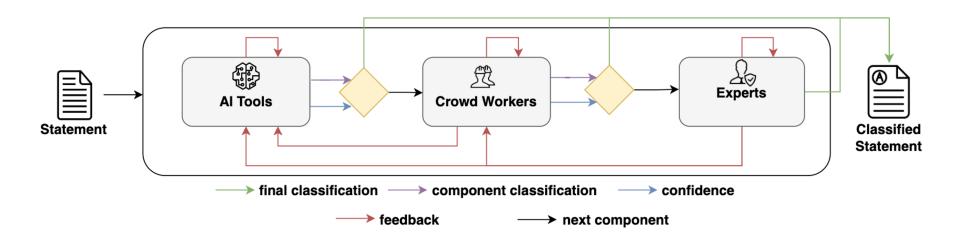
True/False

Al vs. Crowd vs. Experts

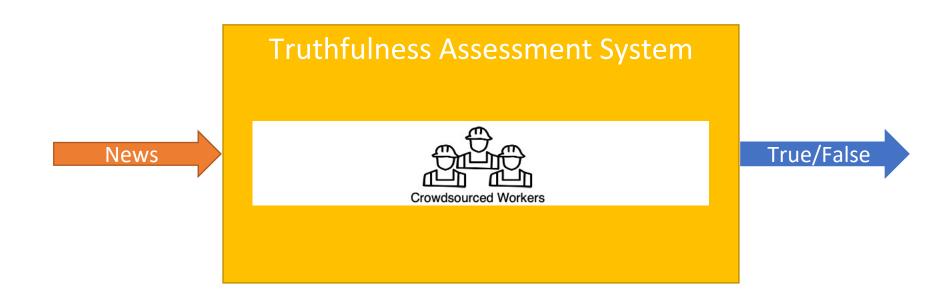








- Stage 1: Al
 - Output: Truthfulness value + Confidence
 - (+ more: explanations...)
- Stage 2 (if low Confidence): Crowd
 - Output: Truthfulness value + Confidence
 - (+ more: explanations, motivations, ...)
- Stage 3 (if low Confidence): Experts
 - Output: Truthfulness value + Confidence
 - (+ more: explanations, motivations, ...)



Main RQ

• Can the crowd be put in the right conditions to assess truthfulness?

Overall approach

- We take some statements with ground truth
- We ask crowd workers to assess the truthfulness
 - In a sort of "controlled" situation
- We compute agreement with ground truth

(several variations / versions)

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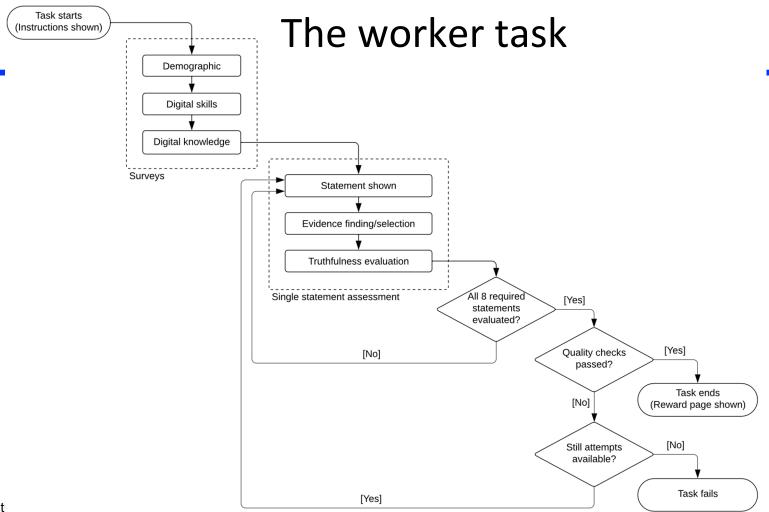
Experimental design (one version)

- Crowdsourcing platform:
 - Amazon's Mechanical Turk
 - Prolific
- Each worker judges the truthfulness of 8 (6 + 2) statements
 - (randomization to avoid bias)
- Redundancy
 - Each statement judged by 10 workers
- Quality checks:
 - 2 statements are equal for all workers: one clearly true and one clearly false
 - Time, Actions

...

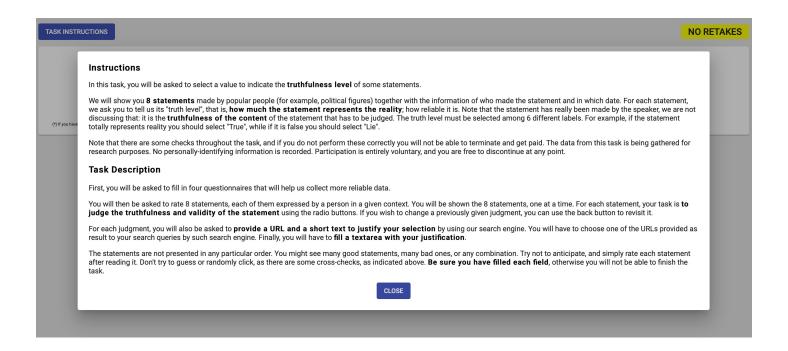
Experimental design (one version)

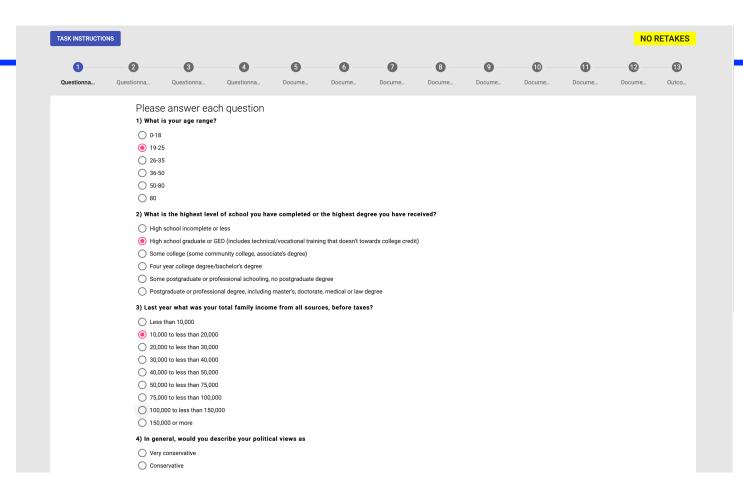
- Datasets
 - Politifact
 - (But not only)
- In total
 - 120 statements, 20 for each Politifact category (+ the two for quality check)
 - 120 / 6 * 10 = 200 workers, each expressing 8 assessments, 1,600 assessments in total
- We also ask for evidence
 - Custom search engine to avoid workers finding Politifact pages with evidence



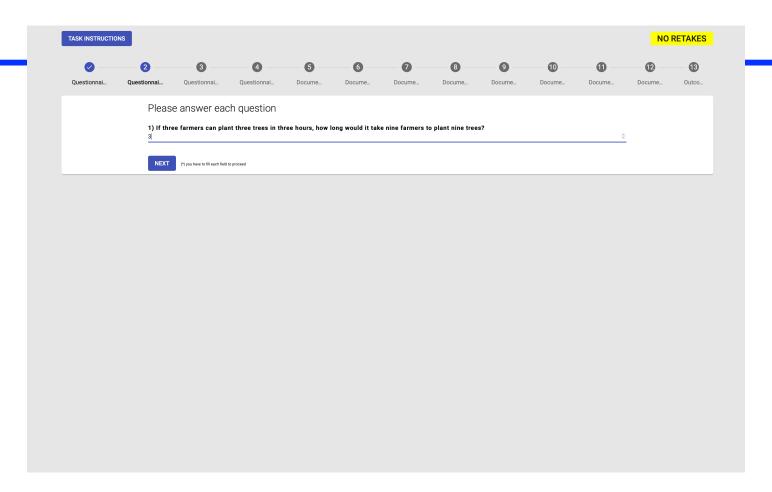
The Trut

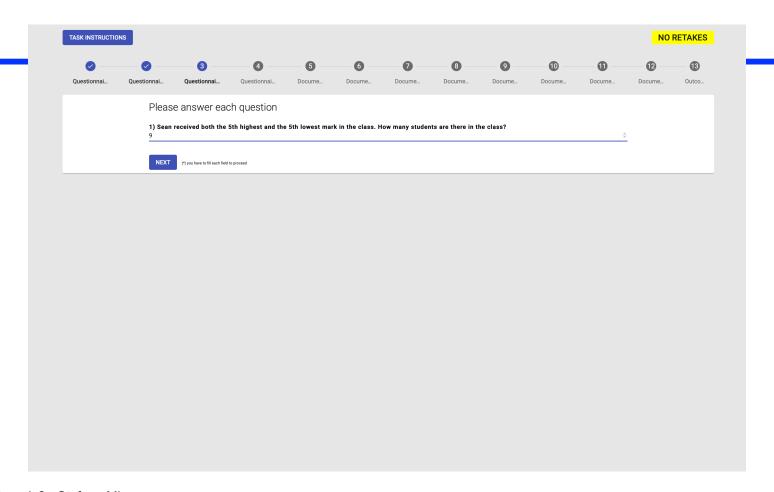
Screenshots – What the workers are doing

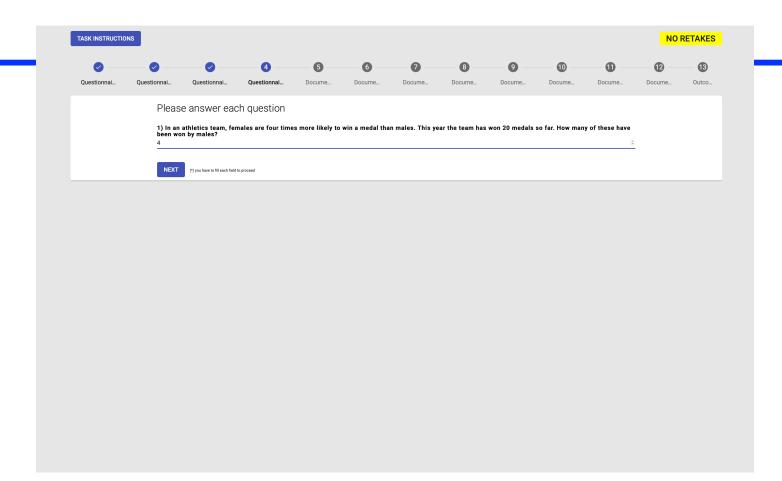


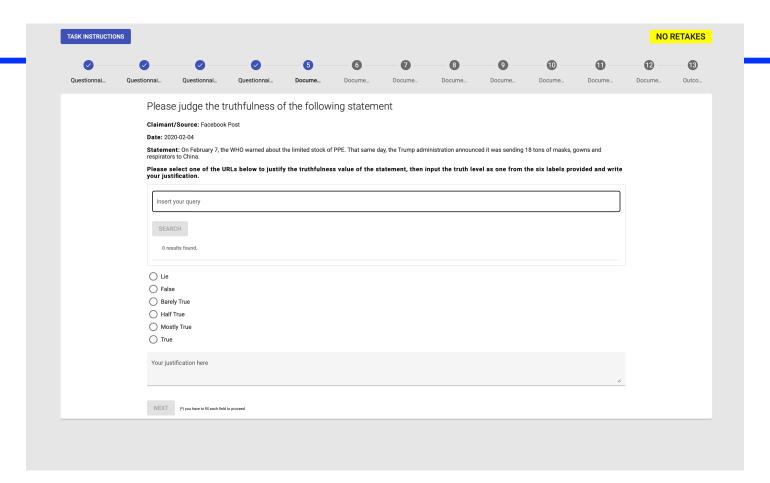


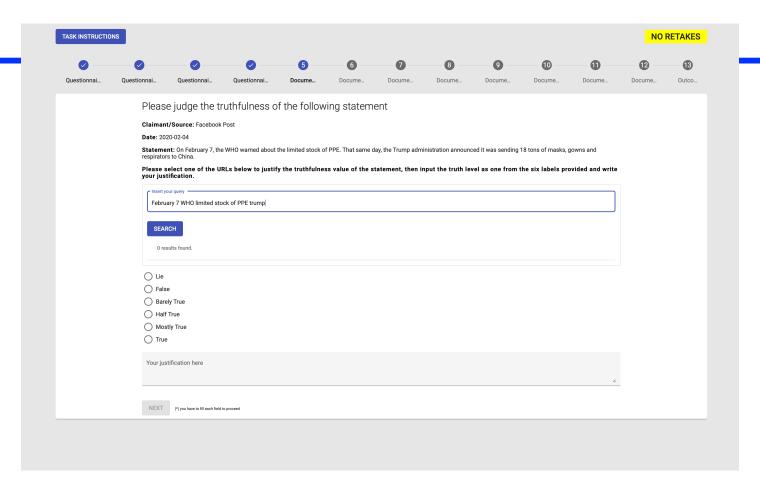
Some postgraduate or professional schooling, no postgraduate degree	
Postgraduate or professional degree, including master's, doctorate, medical or law degree	
3) Last year what was your total family income from all sources, before taxes?	
C Less than 10,000	
(a) 10,000 to less than 20,000	
20,000 to less than 30,000	
30,000 to less than 40,000	
○ 40,000 to less than 50,000	
O 50,000 to less than 75,000	
75,000 to less than 100,000	
0 100,000 to less than 150,000	
150,000 or more	
4) In general, would you describe your political views as	
○ Very conservative	
○ Conservative	
O Moderate	
C Liberal	
Very liberal	
5) In politics today, do you consider yourself a	
Republican	
O Democrat	
Independent	
O Something else	
6) Should the U.S. build a wall along the southern border?	
○ Agree	
Disagree	
O No opinion either way	
7) Should the government increase environmental regulations to prevent climate change?	
Agree	
O Disagree	
O No opinion either way	
NEXT (1) you have to fill each field to proceed	

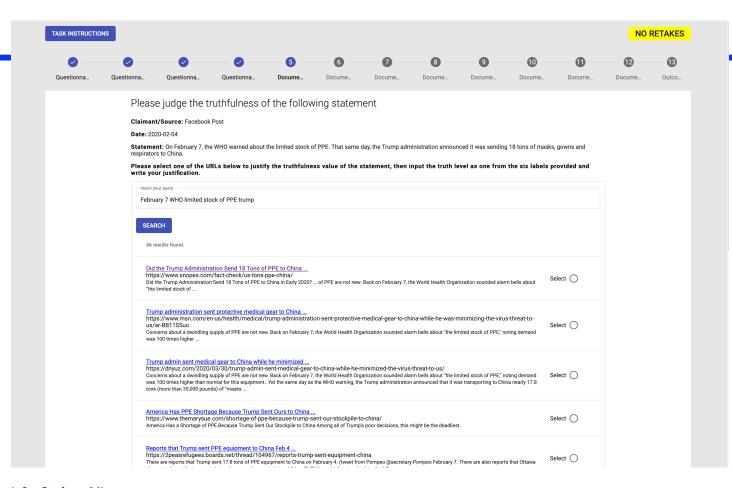


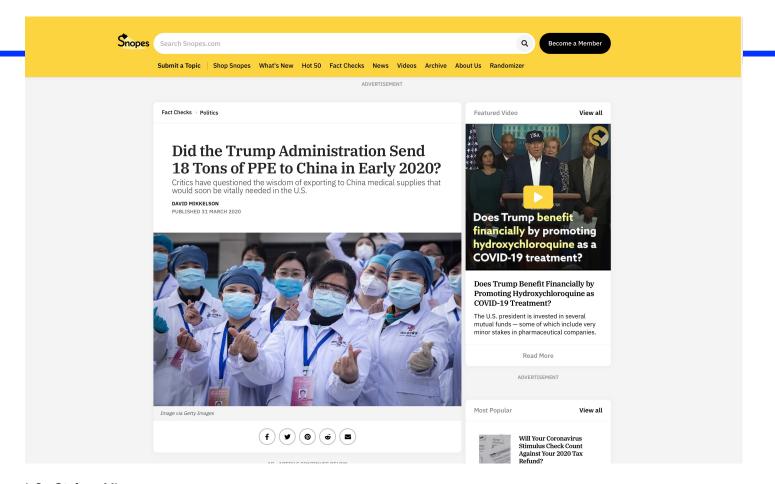


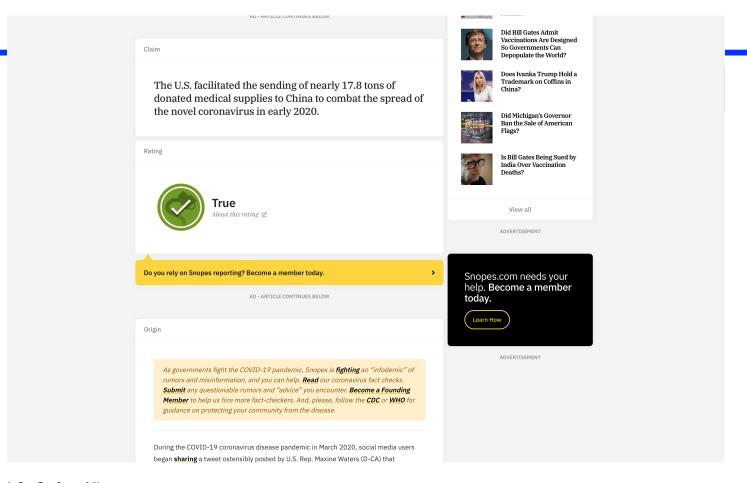


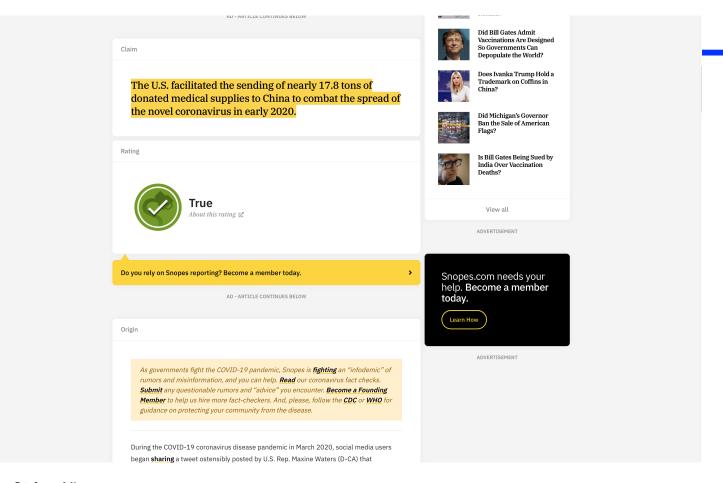


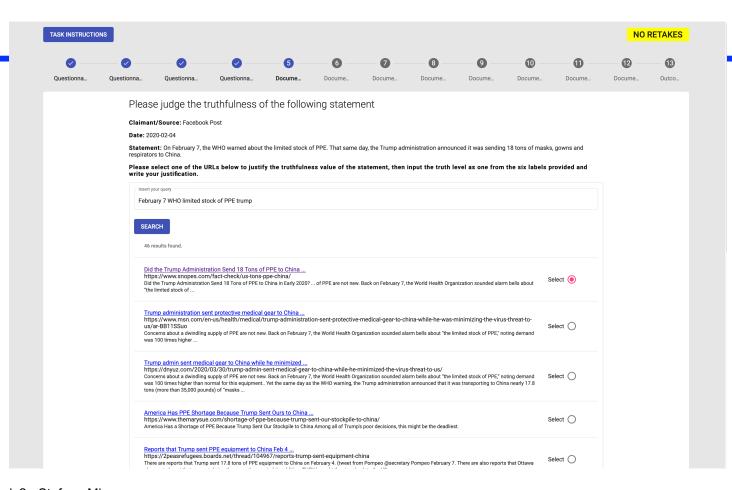






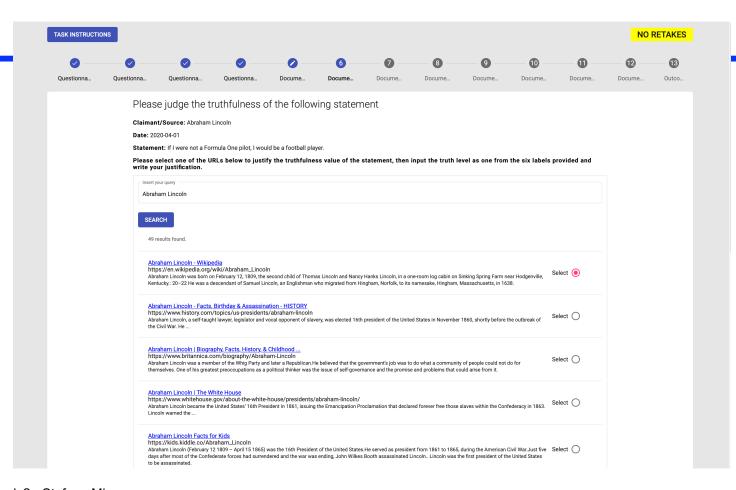




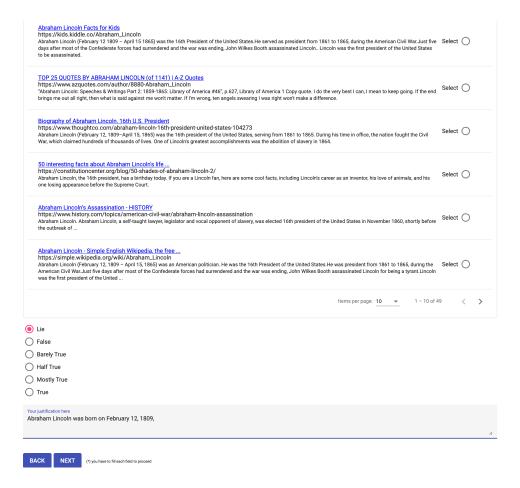


Reports that Trump sent PPE equipment to China Feb 4 https://2peasrefugees.boards.net/thread/104967/reports-trump-sent-equipment-china There are reports that Trump sent 17.8 tions of PeE equipment to China on February 4. (tweet from Pompeo @secretary Pompeo February 7. There are also reports that Ottawa also sent almost that amount during the same time period. In addition, THEY brought the virus back to the US.	
Sick of the Slant - A Fair Look at the News of the Day https://www.facebook.com/pg/SickOfTheSlant/posts/ (Albert) "On February 7, the (World Health Organization) warned about the limited stock of PPE. That same day, the Trump administration announced it was sending 18 tons of masks, gowns and respirators to China.	
CNN - Breaking News, Latest News and Videos https://lite.cnn.com/en/article/h_c9ec764aa333434b8543e28250957b40 Back on February 7, the World Health Organization sounded alarm bells about 'the limited stock of PPE' noting demand was 100 times higher than normal for this equipment. Yet the same day as the WHO warning, the Trump administration announced that it was transporting to China nearly 17.8 tons (more than 35,000 pounds) of 'masks, gowns, gauze Select	
Why did Trump send 18 tons of medical equipment to China https://247sports.com/college/texas-tech/board/102960/Contents/why-did-trump-send-18-tons-of-medical-equipment-to-china-145529702/?page=1 Why did Trump send 18 tons of medical equipment to China Select	
Trump Sends 35,000 Pounds of PPE to China GopherHole https://www.forums.gopherhole.com/boards/threads/trump-sends-35-000-pounds-of-ppe-to-china.95940/ Trump Sends 35,000 Pounds of PPE to China. Thread starter stocker08; Start date 25 minutes ago; stocker08 Well-known member. Joined Feb 2, 2009 Messages 18,001 Reaction Select score 261 Points 83. 25 minutes ago #1 Why is this being glossed over? Trump has been a complete fool throughout this entire debacle. He's minimized this every step of the way	
US Shipping China Covid 19 Medical Supplies? https://www.debatepolitics.com/covid-19-coronavirus-disease/392029-us-shipping-china-covid-19-medical-supplies.html Concerns about a dwindling supply of PPE are not new. Back on February 7, the World Health Organization sounded alarm bells about "the limited stock of PPE," noting demand was 100 times higher than normal for this equipment. Yet the same day as the WHO warning, the Trump administration announced that it was transporting to China nearly 17.8	
Items per page: 10 <u> </u>	
○ Lie	
False	
O Barely True	
○ Half True	
○ Mostly True	
● True	
Your justification here	
NEXT (1) you have to fill each field to proceed	

Reports that Trump sent PPE equipment to China Feb 4 https://Zpeasrefugees.boards.net/thread/104967/reports-trump-sent-equipment-china There are reports that Trump sent 1.78 tions of PPE equipment to China on February 4. (tweet from Pompeo @secretary Pompeo February 7. There are also reports that Ottawa also sent almost that amount during the same time period. In addition, THEY brought the virus back to the US.
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Items per page: 10 💌 1 – 10 of 46 < 🗲
) Lie
) False
Barely True
) Half True
) Mostly True
True
four justification here The U.S. facilitated the sending of nearly 17.8 tons of donated medical supplies to China to combat the spread of the novel coronavirus in early 2020.
NEXT (1) you have to fill each field to proceed

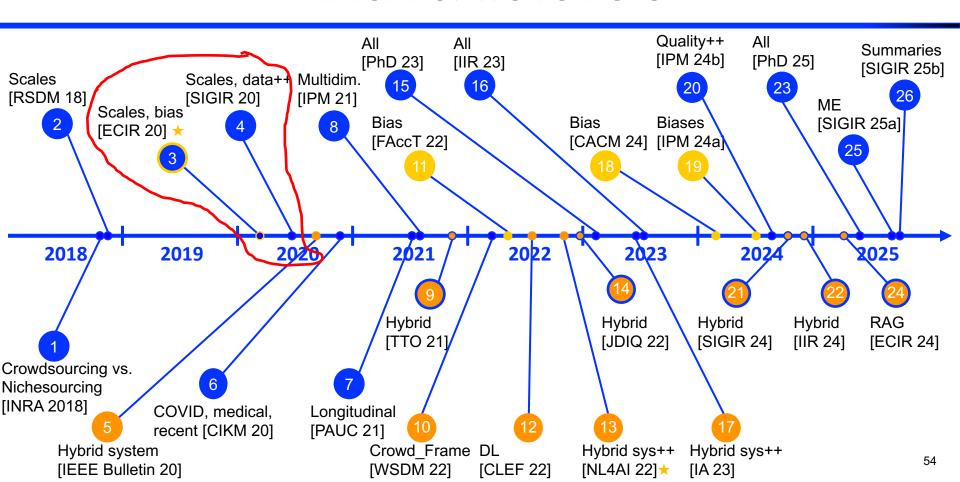


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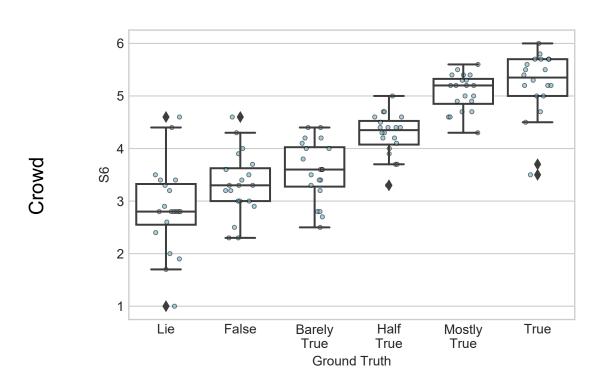


Now, some results

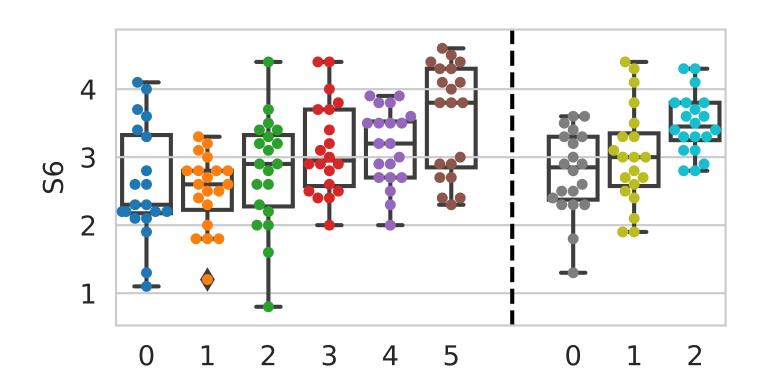
Timeline: we're here



Agreement with Ground truth 3. [ECIR 2020]



Another result 4. [SIGIR 2020]

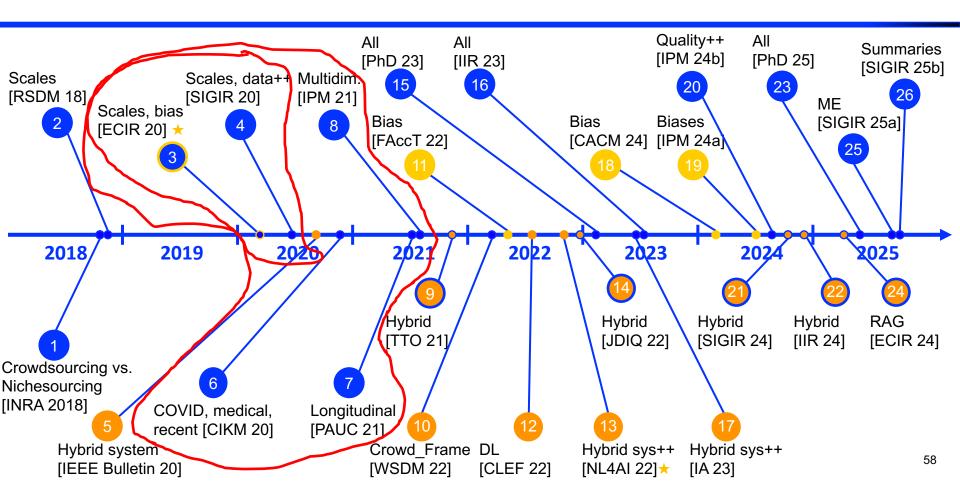


What we told ourselves

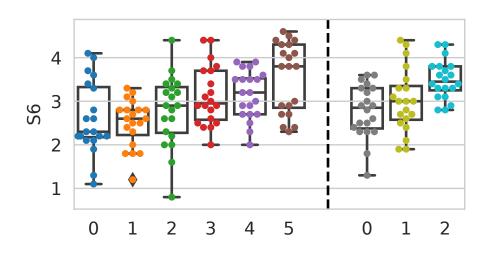
- "Increasing medians"... bla bla bla ... "there is a signal" ... bla bla bla ...
- Yes we published some papers
- And some more in the following years
 - Multidimensional scale
 - COVID-related statements (medical, recent, sensitive)
 - Longitudinal

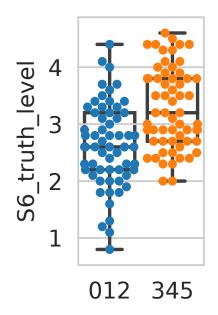
...

Timeline: we're here



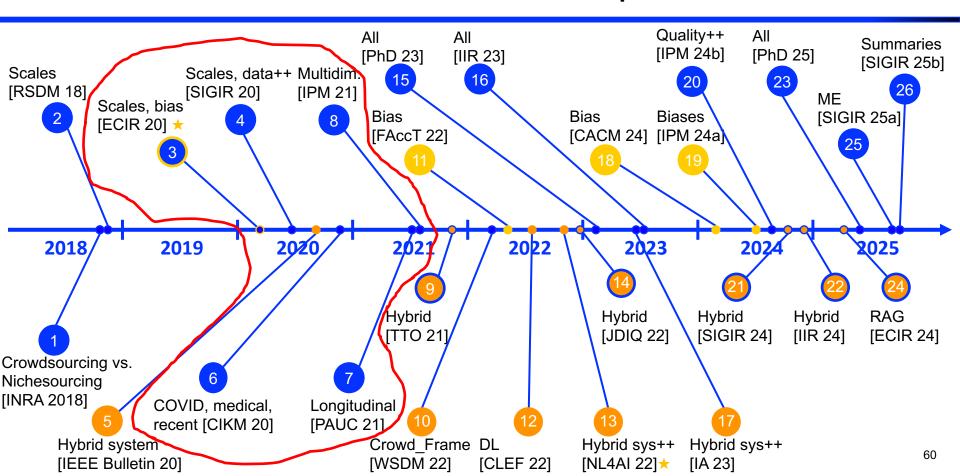
The sad truth





Binary accuracy: 0.6

We. Did. Not. Stop.



Motivation: Does crowdsourcing actually work?

Study	Binary Accuracy
3. [ECIR 2020]	0.841 (*)
4. [SIGIR 2020]	0.627
8. [IPM 2021]	0.571
11. [FAccT 2022]	0.580

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(*) But the Politifact evidence was easily retrievable...

Real motivation!

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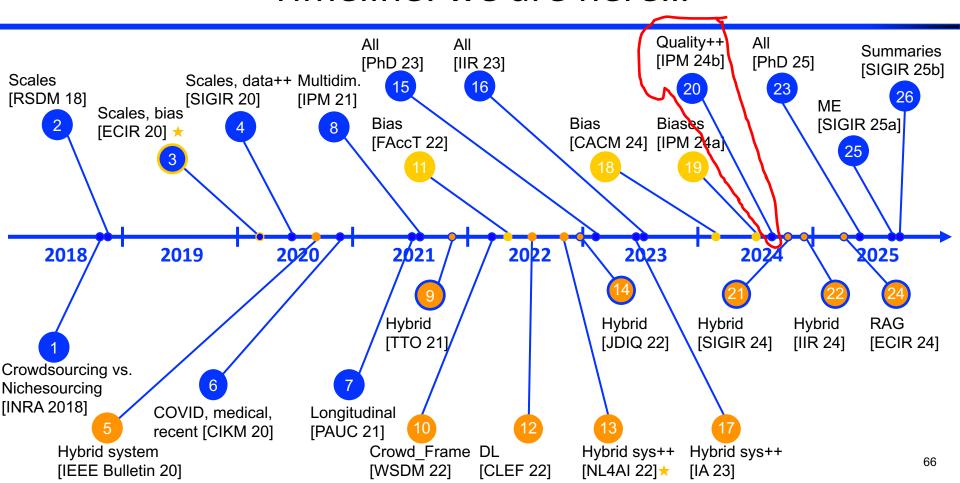
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Improvements

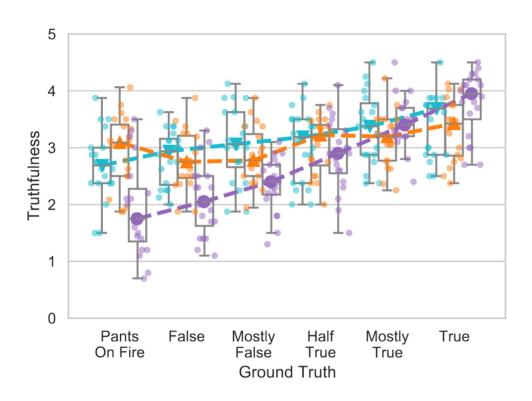
- Better crowd
 - Amazon's Mechanical Turk → Prolific
- Better instructions
 - Rewording, shortening, more direct
- Better UI
 - Some small improvements

(even after 5+ years of re-doing the same experiments!)

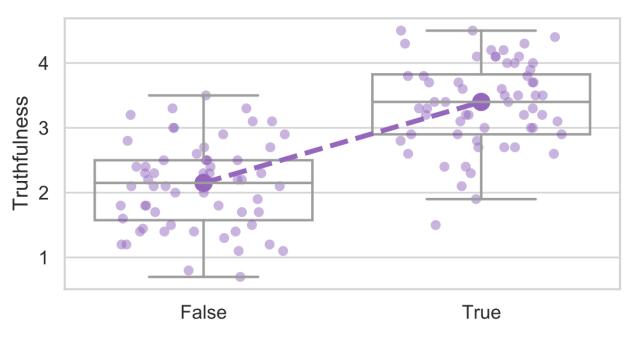
Timeline: we are here...



(Better) Results!

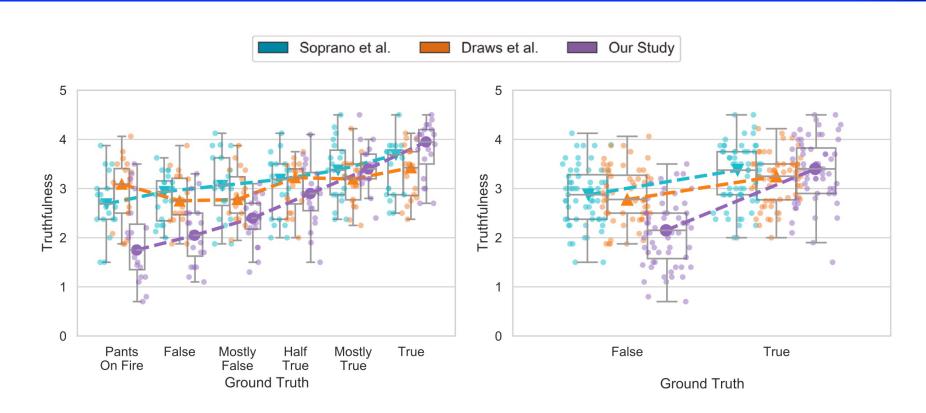


Aaaaaah, 0.8

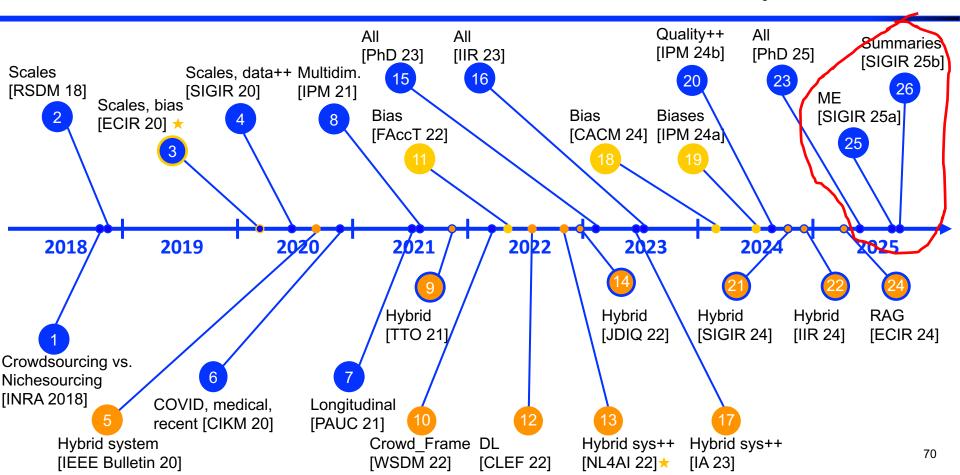


Ground Truth

Aaaaaah, 0.8



Timeline: ... and we aren't finished yet!



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- The story aka Our approach
 - Experiments, Screenshots, Datasets, Results, ...
 - Repeat
- More technical
 - Scales, Classification, Ranking, Ordinal classification, even Magnitude Estimation

How to express truthfulness?

In technical terms, which scale to use?

Binary scale

- Traditional solution: binary scale
- Binary truthfulness



True

False

Non-binary scales

- 3-levels scale
 - True
 - Neither false not true
 - False





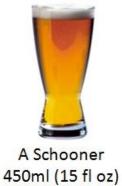


Non-binary scales

- 4-levels scale
 - Completely false
 - More false than true
 - More true than false
 - Completely true









It's not just categories

- 4-level ordinal category scale
 - Completely false
 - More false than true
 - More true than false
 - Completely true







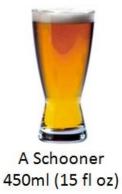


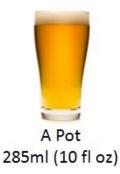
It's not just ranking

- 4-level ordinal category scale
 - Completely false
 - More false than true
 - More true than false
 - Completely true









Also IRL

- Politifact: https://www.politifact.com
- 6 levels scale

POLITIFACT















The Poynter Institute

Subtle differences

2 (n) levels	3 (n) ordered levels
Binary (n-ary) classification	Ordinal classification
All errors are equal	Misclassifying in the adjacent category is a smaller error than misclassifying in the next one - False - Neither true nor false - True
Standard metrics (F1, Accuracy)	No standard metrics

No standard metrics?!

- Accuracy
 - Assumes all errors are equal!
- MSE, RMSE, MAE, ...?
 - Assume equally spaced categories!
- CEM!?
 - (but that's for another talk)

An Effectiveness Metric for Ordinal Classification: Formal Properties and Experimental Results

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0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5?

- Why not 0, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000?!
- Or 0, 1, 3, 5, 7, 8?

POLITIFACT



(more later on this)

We even tried 100 levels

101 actually

Session 3A: Bias and Fairness

SIGIR '20, July 25-30, 2020, Virtual Event, China

Can The Crowd Identify Misinformation Objectively? The Effects of Judgment Scale and Assessor's Background

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The Truth of Crowds?

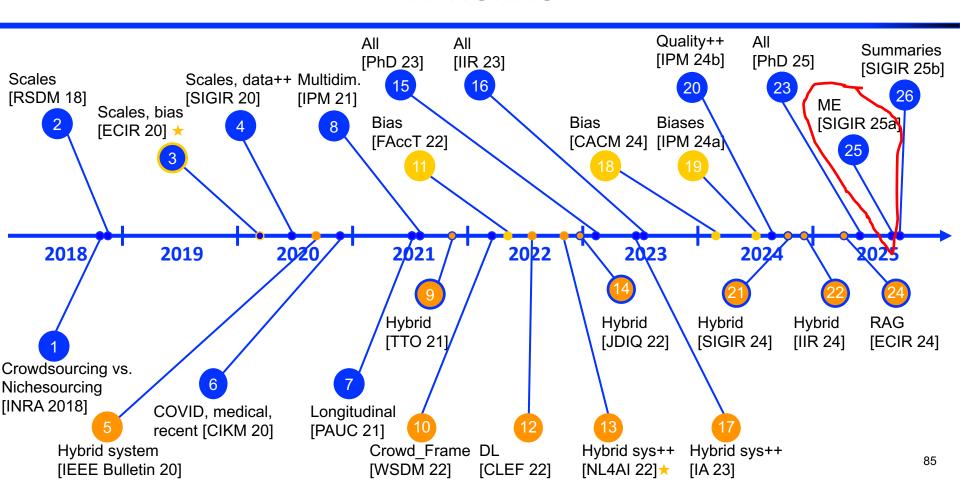
Even more?!

- So,
 - **2**
 - **3**
 - **4**
 - **=** 5
 - **6**
 - **101**
- Even more!?



Yes. More than 101.

Timeline



Magnitude Estimation (ME)

- A psychophysical scaling technique for measuring perception
- Stimuli at different levels of intensity are presented to an observer
- The intensity of each stimulus is rated by the assignment of a number, depending on the perceived intensity
 - "Given a stimulus, assign it a number (whole o fraction)"
- Developed by Stanley Stevens at Harvard in 1950s

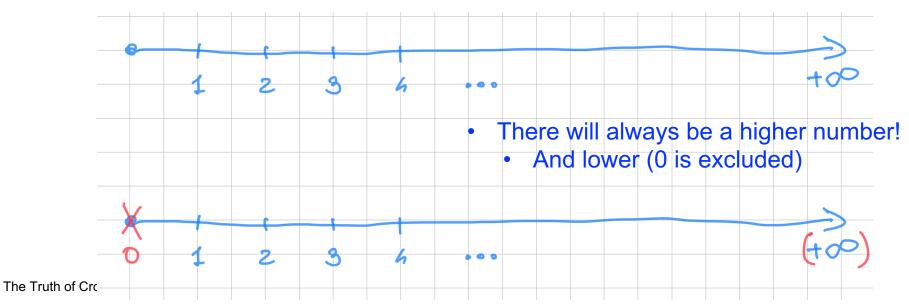
Magnitude Estimation (ME)...

- Unlimited (≠ "category scale with many categories")
 - either]- ∞ , + ∞ [or
 - **■**]0, +∞[(we used this one)



Magnitude Estimation (ME)...

- Unlimited (≠ "category scale with many categories")
 - either]- ∞ , + ∞ [or
 - **■**]0, +∞[(we used this one)



ME used for

- Initially for physical stimuli, such as:
 - brightness of a light
 - frequency of a sound
 - etc.
- These have an underlying measurable quantity
- Also applied to stimuli that are not physically quantifiable, such as:
 - levels of pain or emotional stress (medicine)
 - severity of crimes, appropriateness of punishments (law)
 - importance of Swedish monarchs (sociology)
 - wine tasting
 - usability of an interface (HCI)
 - judging grammaticality of sentences (linguistics)
 - relevance assessments

ME

- Leads to ratio scale: ratios of the assigned numbers is what's important
 - If one item is assigned a 50, and another 10, then it can be inferred that the former is 5 times more ... than the latter
 - Supports all mathematical operations, and parametric statistical analysis
- ME truthfulness assessment should be more precise than binary or ordinal assessments
 - The granularity of the scale is chosen by the assessor, and not constrained by pre-determined levels
 - Assessors cannot run out of categories

Issues with ME

- My "inner scale" is different from yours
- Cultural background might affect which numbers are used
 - E.g., school marks over 0–10 (in Italy) vs. A–F vs. 0–100 vs. ...
 - Round number tendency (prefer 20 to 21)
- Using ME for truthfulness assessment?
 - "A claim more true (false) than an already absolutely true (false) one?!"
- It. Can't. Work.
 - But we tried! (and we are the first!)

RQs

- Can the crowd express reliable truthfulness assessments using ME?
- Are there any advantages to do so?

Comparison with S6

- Experimental design identical to a previous study
 - 20. [IPM 2024b]
 - Apart from the scale: we had used Politifact 6-level scale (S6 from now on)
- We knew it worked



- (actually, many studies)
- We can compare ME with S6 ⁹



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Crowdsourced Fact-checking: Does It Actually Work?

David La Barbera a,*, Eddy Maddalena a, Michael Soprano a, Kevin Roitero a, Gianluca Demartini b, Davide Ceolin c, Damiano Spina d, Stefano Mizzaro a

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d RMIT University, 124 La Trobe St. Melbourne, Australia

Normalization

- S6 values were converted into [0, 5]
 - (yes, more on that later)
- Each ME value is normalized into [0, 5]
 - Using the max & min values by each worker

$$\alpha_{\text{norm}} = \frac{\alpha - \min(A_w)}{\max(A_w) - \min(A_w)} \cdot 5$$

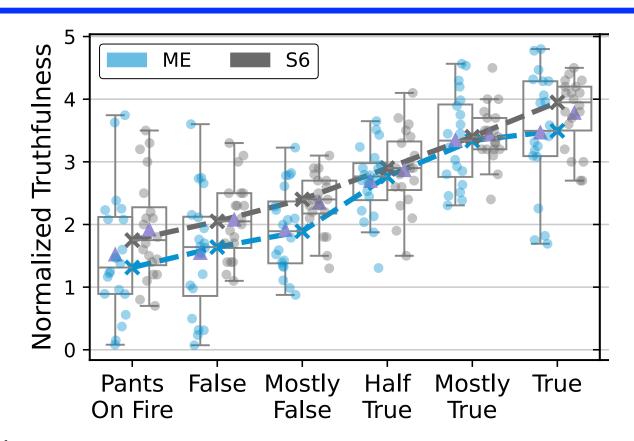
Aggregation

- 10 individual scores → 1 aggregated score
- We tried several alternatives
 - Weighted mean resulted more effective

Table 2: Comparison of aggregation functions across effectiveness measures.

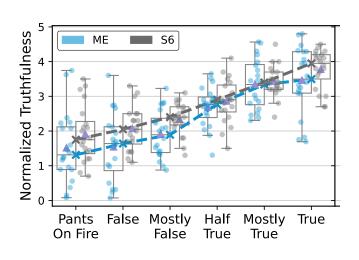
	Accuracy ₂	Accuracy ₃	Accuracy ₆	External	Pairwise ₂	Pairwise ₃	Pairwise ₆	MAE	MSE
wmean	0.80	0.60	0.32	0.63	0.89	0.83	0.79	0.97	1.59
median	0.73	0.59	0.28	0.67	0.87	0.82	0.78	1.02	1.73
mean	0.75	0.57	0.29	0.53	0.86	0.82	0.77	1.07	1.78
gmean	0.57	0.41	0.21	-0.15	0.26	0.25	0.24	2.10	7.06

ME vs. S6 & ground truth



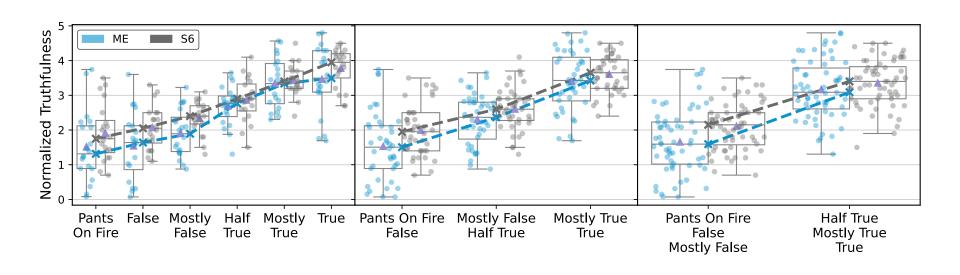
The Truth of Crowds? - Stefar

ME vs. S6 & ground truth



- ME: increasing medians/means
- ME vs S6: similar trends
 - ME lower for low truthfulness values, but lower also for high truthfulness value

ME vs. S6 & ground truth



ME vs. S6: numbers

	Individual		
Measure	S_6	ME	
Accuracy ₂	0.65	0.63	
Accuracy ₃	0.51	0.46^{\dagger}	
Accuracy ₆	0.29	0.24^{\ddagger}	
MAE	1.35	1.66^{\ddagger}	
MSE	3.45	4.83^{\ddagger}	
Pairwise ₂	0.61	0.63	
Pairwise ₃	0.58	0.61	
Pairwise ₆	0.56	0.58	
External	0.39	0.34	
Internal	0.29	0.15^{\ddagger}	

Remember
Ordinal
Classification? No
metric works, but
we use all of
them

ME vs. S6: numbers

	Individ	ual	Aggreg	Aggregated		
Measure	S ₆	ME	S ₆	ME		
Accuracy ₂	0.65	0.63	0.83	0.80		
Accuracy ₃	0.51	0.46^{\dagger}	0.60	0.60		
Accuracy ₆	0.29	0.24^{\ddagger}	0.37	0.32		
MAE	1.35	1.66^{\ddagger}	0.97	0.97		
MSE	3.45	4.83^{\ddagger}	1.48	1.59		
Pairwise ₂	0.61	0.63	0.89	0.89		
Pairwise ₃	0.58	0.61	0.85	0.83^{\ddagger}		
Pairwise ₆	0.56	0.58	0.81	0.79^{\ddagger}		
External	0.39	0.34	0.61	0.63*		
Internal	0.29	0.15^{\ddagger}	0.22	0.10^{*}		

Remember

Ordinal

Classification? No metric works, but we use all of them

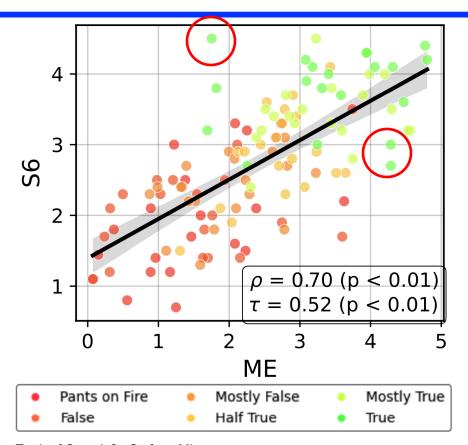
First result

- ME allows to gather reliable truthfulness assessments
- No evidence that ME is worse than S6

Beyond ME vs. S6

- Can ME tell us something that S6 can not?
- Possible, ME is more fine-grained
- Is the additional information useful?
- Yes, in two ways

1. Complementarity



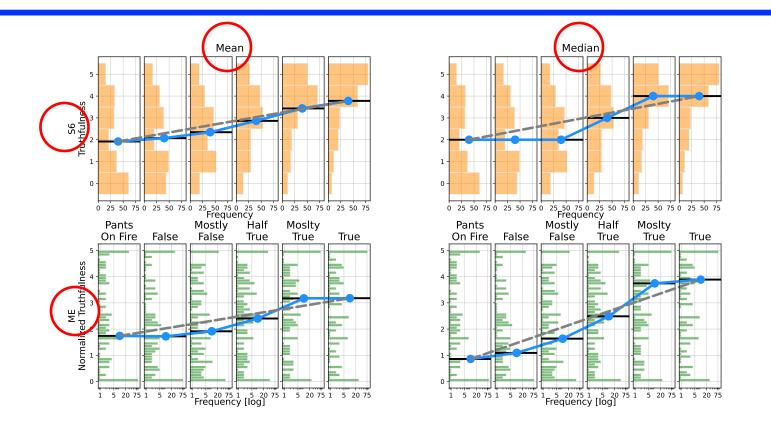
- If ME and S6 were equivalent, dots would be on the diagonal
 - They are not
 - (ME covers more [0,5])
- → Combination of ME and S6?

2. Perception of truthfulness values

- **0**, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5?
- Actually, no.

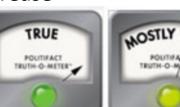


Distributions of individual normalized values



Remember 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5?

- Pants On Fire ~ False
- Superlinear increase
 - False → Mostly False → Half True → Mostly True
- Mostly True ~ True
- Maybe 0, 0.5. 1.8, 3.1, 4.5, 5?!
 - (even with an "official" scale)
- And maybe the middle of the scale is around Half True
 - Steepest increase







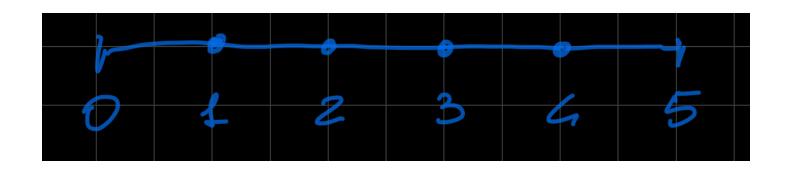




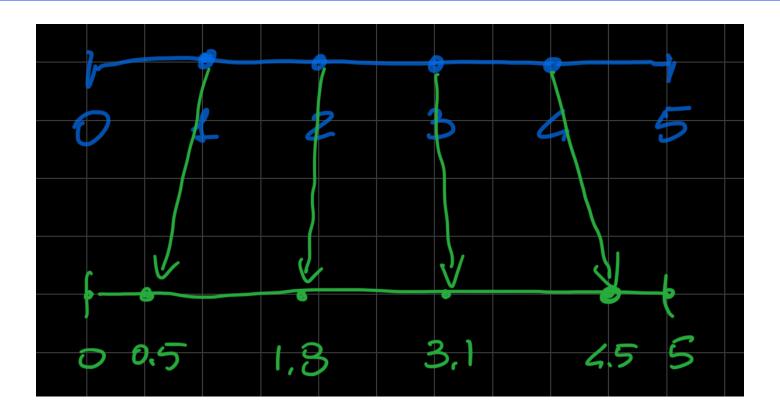


- Less than 1
- More than 1
- Less than 1

From this...



... to something like this



So, Magnitude Estimation

- In terms of accuracy, we couldn't find any compelling reason to prefer S6 to ME
 - (ok, ok, neither the other way around)
- But, ME did provide more information
 - It appears that workers judge differently
 - Useful indication on the scale used by Politifact

The Truth of Crowds? - Stefano Mizzaro

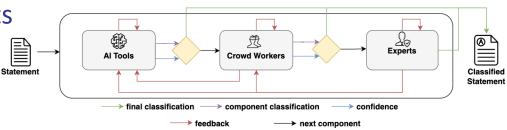
Conclusions & Lessons learned

- Lesson 1. Crowdsourcing is a viable alternative (?)
 - Is 0.8 enough?! 🖥
- Lesson 2. Improvements are always possible
 - Hard work is needed
 - "Live. Die. Repeat." → "Try. Fail. Repeat."
- Lesson 3. Magnitude Estimation can be used
 - Even though it looked crazy

The Truth of Crowds? - Stefano Mizzaro

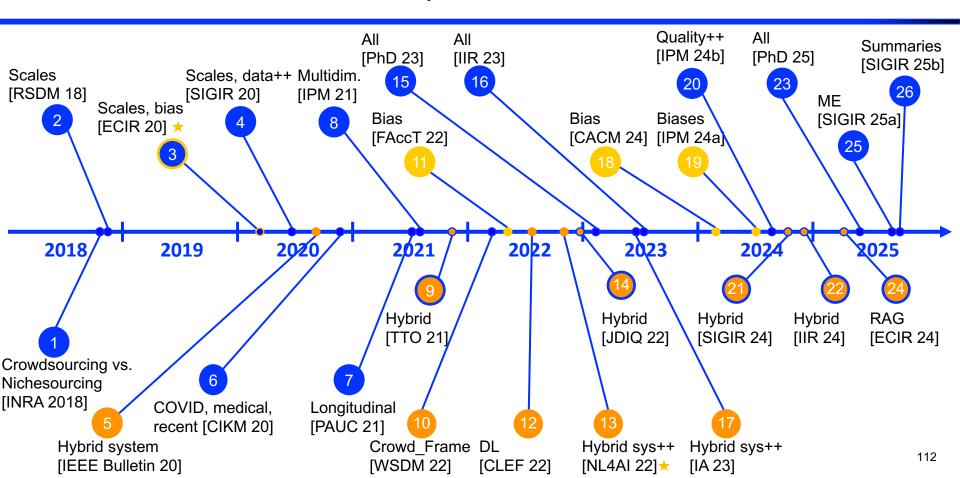
Future

- Changes/Improvement to the task
 - E.g., workers interacting?
- Combination AI / Crowd / Experts
 - AI, Gen AI, LLMs, ...
 - So far inconclusive evidence
 - E.g., Confidence seems not useful
- Deep fakes (video, multimedia)
 - (First preliminary results: we are doomed! 🚱)
- Summary of evidence: → [SIGIR 2025b]
- Metrics for ordinal classification



Timeline, a last time 💝





Biblio – Our papers, grouped

Several similar experiments

- 1. Crowdsourcing vs. Nichesourcing [INRA 2018]
- 2. Scales [RDSM 2018]
- 3. Initial, a few data, worker background, scales, bias [ECIR 2020] ★
- 4. More data, scales [SIGIR 2020]
- 6. COVID-19: medical, recent news [CIKM 2020]
- 7. Longitudinal: [PAUC 2021]
- 8. Multidimensional: Measure more aspects [IPM 2021]
- 20. Quality > (Prolific, UI, ...) [IPM 2024b]
- 25. ME [SIGIR 2025a]
- 26. Summaries [SIGIR 2025b]

Implementation – Hybrid system

- 5. First proposal [Bulletin 2020]
- 10. Crowd Frame [WSDM 2022]
- 12. Deep Learning [CLEF 2022]
- 13. System description [NL4AI2022] *
- 17. Hybrid system ++ [IA 2023]

Hybrid approaches Crowd + LLMs

- 9. First experiments [TTO 2021]
- 14. Hybrid [JDIQ 2022]
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- 22. Hybrid [IIR 2024]
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Bias

- 11. Bias [FAccT 2022]
- 18. Bias management [CACM 2023]
- 19. Biases in Fact-checking [IPM 2024a]

All

- 15. PhD Thesis Soprano [PhD 2023]
- 16. Summary [IIR 2023]
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(details in next slides)

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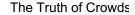


ECIR 2020 @ecir2020 · 1g

#ECIR2020 Best **Short** Paper **Award** goes to "Crowdsourcing Truthfulness; The Impact of Judgment Sca Je and Assessor Bias" authored by

David la Barbera, Kevin Roitero, Damiano Spina, Stefano Mizzaro, Gianluca Demartini. Congratulations!!











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The Truth of Crowds? - Stefano Mizzaro

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Associazione Italiana per l'Intelligenza Artificiale

CERTIFICATE

FOR BEST PAPER

NL4AI 2022

This certificate is proudly awarded by

David La Barbera, Kevin Roitero and Stefano Mizzaro
"A Hybrid Human-In-The-Loop Framework for Fact Checking"



Chairs

Debora Nozza, Lucia Passaro, Marco Polignano

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